

UnLua-UE4下的Lua脚本插件

罗谦

腾讯互娱研发效能部

大纲

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- 引擎访问Lua
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- 调试

概述

- 脚本插件
- 它不是蓝图的替代者，而是一种补充
 - 没有Asset的预览
 - 不支持nativization
 - 无法保持内容的引用
 - ...
- 但是, 它为用Lua写游戏逻辑提供了支持

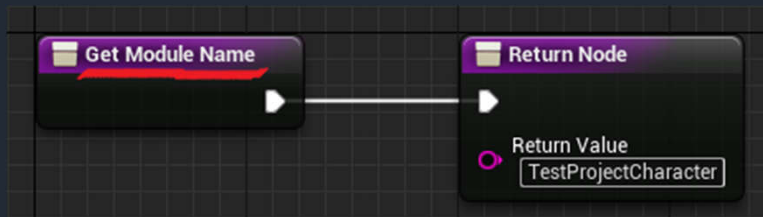
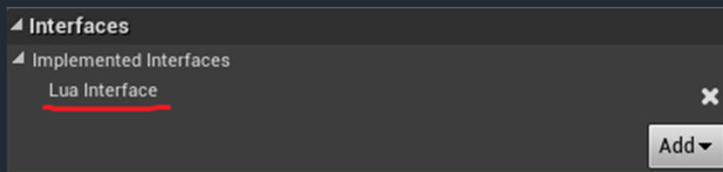
特性

- 无需胶水代码访问**UCLASS, UPROPERTY, UFUNCTION, USTRUCT, UENUM**
- 无辅助代码覆写(Override) '**BlueprintEvent**'
- 无辅助代码覆写(Override) **AnimNotify**
- 无辅助代码覆写(Override) **RepNotify**
- 无辅助代码覆写(Override) **Input Event**
- 简单完备的静态导出方案
- 高度优化的**UFUNCTION**调用
- 高度优化的容器(**TArray, TSet, TMap**)访问
- 高度优化的结构体访问
- 支持**UFUNCTION**(带'**BlueprintCallable**'或'**Exec**'标签)默认参数
- 支持自定义的碰撞检测相关枚举
- 支持编辑器内**Server/Client**模拟
- 支持Lua协程中执行**Latent**函数, 同步写法完成异步逻辑
- 支持根据**Blueprint**类型自动生成Lua模板代码

引擎和Lua绑定

- 统一且简单的静态绑定方式
 - 仅一个Interface和一个纯虚函数
 - 同时支持蓝图类和C++类

```
UCLASS(config=Game)
class ATestProjectCharacter : public ACharacter, public ILuaInterface
{
    FString ATestProjectCharacter::GetModuleName_Implementation() const
    {
        return TEXT("TestProjectCharacter");
    }
}
```



引擎和Lua绑定

- 动态绑定
 - 动态创建的Object
 - 动态生成的Actor

```
function BP_PlayerCharacter_C:SpawnWeapon()  
    local WeaponClass = UClass.Load("/Game/Core/Blueprints/Weapon/BP_DefaultWeapon.BP_DefaultWeapon")  
    local NewWeapon = GWorld:SpawnActor(WeaponClass, self:GetTransform(), ESPawnActorCollisionHandlingMethod.AlwaysSpawn, self, self, "Weapon.BP_DefaultWeapon_C")  
    return NewWeapon  
end
```

```
local MyObjectClass = UClass.Load("/Game/Core/Blueprints/BP_MyObject.BP_MyObject")  
local MyObject = NewObject(MyObjectClass, self, nil, "BP_MyObject_C")
```

Lua访问引擎

- 无巨量的胶水代码!
- 支持反射体系内的所有数据
- 手动导出一些最基础的函数
 - UObject.Load, UObject.GetName, UObject.GetClass, etc.
 - UClass.Load, UClass.IsChildOf
 - UWorld.SpawnActor
- 手动导出数学库
 - FVector, FVector2D, FVector4, FQuat, FRotator, FTransform, etc.

Lua访问引擎

- 访问UClass

```
local Widget = UWidgetBlueprintLibrary.Create(self, UClass.Load("/Game/Core/UI/UMG_Main"))
```


Lua访问引擎

- 访问UStruct

```
local Position = FVector()
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问UEnum

```
Weapon:K2_AttachToComponent(Point, nil, EAttachmentRule.SnapToTarget, EAttachmentRule.SnapToTarget, EAttachmentRule.SnapToTarget)
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问自定义的碰撞检测相关UEnum

Trace Channels

You can have up to 18 custom channels including object and trace channels. This is list of trace channel for your project. If you delete the trace channel that has been used by game, the behavior of trace is undefined.

New Trace Channel...

Edit...

Delete...

Name	Default Response
Weapon	Block

```
local bHit = UKismetSystemLibrary.LineTraceSingle(self, Start, End, ETraceTypeQuery.Weapon, false, nil, EDrawDebugTrace.None, HitResult, true)
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问UPROPERTY

```
local Position = FVector()  
Position.X = 256.0
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问Delegate/Multi-cast Delegate/Sparse Delegate

```
FloatTrack.InterpFunc:Bind(self, BP_PlayerCharacter_C.OnZoomInOutUpdate)
FloatTrack.InterpFunc:Unbind()
FloatTrack.InterpFunc:Execute(0.5)
```

```
self.ExitButton.OnClicked:Add(self, UMG_Main_C.OnClicked_ExitButton)
self.ExitButton.OnClicked:Remove(self, UMG_Main_C.OnClicked_ExitButton)
self.ExitButton.OnClicked:Clear()
self.ExitButton.OnClicked:Broadcast()
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问UFunction

```
Widget:PlayAnimation(Anim, 0.0, 1, EUMGSequencePlayMode::Forward, 1.0)
```

```
Widget:PlayAnimation(Anim)
```

Lua访问引擎

- UFunction非常量引用参数处理(原子类型)

```
UFUNCTION()  
void GetPlayerBaseInfo(int32 &Level, float &Health, FString &Name) const;
```

```
local Level, Health, Name = self:GetPlayerBaseInfo(9, 99, "Marcus")
```

```
local Level, Health, Name = self:GetPlayerBaseInfo()
```

Lua访问引擎

- UFunction非常量引用参数处理(非原子类型)

```
UFUNCTION()  
void GetHitResult(FHitResult &HitResult) const;
```

```
local HitResult = FHitResult()  
self:GetHitResult(HitResult)
```

```
local HitResult = self:GetHitResult()
```


Lua访问引擎

- UFunction返回值参数处理(原子类型)

```
UFUNCTION()  
float GetMeleeDamage() const;
```

```
local MeleeDamage = self:GetMeleeDamage()
```

Lua访问引擎

- UFunction返回值参数处理(非原子类型)

```
UFUNCTION()  
FVector GetCurrentLocation() const;
```

```
local Location = self:GetCurrentLocation()
```

```
local Location = FVector()  
self:GetCurrentLocation(Location)
```

```
local Location = FVector()  
local LocationCopy = self:GetCurrentLocation(Location)
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问Latent Function

```
UFUNCTION(BlueprintCallable, Category="Utilities|FlowControl", meta=(Latent, WorldContext="WorldContextObject")  
static void Delay(UObject* WorldContextObject, float Duration, struct FLatentActionInfo LatentInfo );
```

```
coroutine.resume(coroutine.create(function(GameMode, Duration) UKismetSystemLibrary.Delay(GameMode, Duration) end), self, 5.0)
```

Lua访问引擎

- 访问基础容器 (TArray, TMap, TSet)

```
local Indices = TArray(0)
Indices:Add(1)
Indices:Add(3)
Indices:Remove(0)
local NbIndices = Indices:Length()
```

```
local Vertices = TArray(FVector)
local Actors = TArray(AActor)
```

Lua访问引擎

- 静态导出反射体系外的数据

```
struct Vec3
{
    Vec3() : x(0), y(0), z(0) {}
    Vec3(float _x, float _y, float _z) : x(_x), y(_y), z(_z) {}

    void Set(const Vec3 &V) { *this = V; }
    Vec3& Get() { return *this; }
    void Get(Vec3 &V) const { V = *this; }

    bool operator==(const Vec3 &V) const { return x == V.x && y == V.y && z == V.z; }

    static Vec3 Cross(const Vec3 &A, const Vec3 &B) { return Vec3(A.y * B.z - A.z * B.y, A.z * B.x - A.x * B.z, A.x * B.y - A.y * B.x); }
    static Vec3 Multiply(const Vec3 &A, float B) { return Vec3(A.x * B, A.y * B, A.z * B); }
    static Vec3 Multiply(const Vec3 &A, const Vec3 &B) { return Vec3(A.x * B.x, A.y * B.y, A.z * B.z); }

    float x, y, z;
};
```

```
BEGIN_EXPORT_CLASS(Vec3, float, float, float)
    ADD_PROPERTY(x)
    ADD_PROPERTY(y)
    ADD_PROPERTY(z)
    ADD_FUNCTION(Set)
    ADD_NAMED_FUNCTION("Equals", operator==)
    ADD_FUNCTION_EX("Get", Vec3&, Get)
    ADD_CONST_FUNCTION_EX("GetCopy", void, Get, Vec3&)
    ADD_STATIC_FUNCTION(Cross)
    ADD_STATIC_FUNCTION_EX("MulScalar", Vec3, Multiply, const Vec3&, float)
    ADD_STATIC_FUNCTION_EX("MulVec", Vec3, Multiply, const Vec3&, const Vec3&)
END_EXPORT_CLASS()
IMPLEMENT_EXPORTED_CLASS(Vec3)
```

引擎访问Lua

- 覆写(Override)所有 'BlueprintEvent'
 - 用 'BlueprintImplementableEvent' 标记的UFunction
 - 用 'BlueprintNativeEvent' 标记的UFunction
 - 所有蓝图中定义的events/functions

引擎访问Lua

- 覆写'BlueprintEvent'
 - 覆写不带返回值的'BlueprintEvent'

```
UFUNCTION(BlueprintImplementableEvent, meta=(DisplayName = "BeginPlay"))  
void ReceiveBeginPlay();
```

```
function BP_PlayerController_C:ReceiveBeginPlay()  
    print("ReceiveBeginPlay in Lua!")  
end
```

- 覆写带返回值的'BlueprintEvent'

```
UFUNCTION(BlueprintImplementableEvent, Category="Character")  
bool GetCharacterInfo(int32 &HP, FVector &Position, FString &Name);
```

```
function BP_PlayerCharacter_C:GetCharacterInfo(HP, Position, Name)  
    Position.X = 128.0  
    Position.Y = 128.0  
    Position.Z = 0.0  
    return 99, nil, "Marcus", true  
end
```

引擎访问Lua

- 覆写AnimNotify



```
function ABP_PlayerCharacter_C:AnimNotify_NotifyPhysics()  
    UBPI_Interfaces_C.ChangeToRagdoll(self.Pawn)  
end
```


引擎访问Lua

- 覆写RepNotify

```
UFUNCTION()  
virtual void OnRep_Health();  
  
UPROPERTY(ReplicatedUsing= OnRep_Health)  
int32 Health;
```

```
function BP_PlayerCharacter_C:OnRep_Health(...)  
    print("call OnRep_Health in Lua")  
end
```

引擎访问Lua

- 覆写Input Events

- Axis Inputs

```
function BP_PlayerController_C:Turn(AxisValue)
    self:AddYawInput(AxisValue)
end
```

- Action Inputs

```
function BP_PlayerController_C:Aim_Pressed()
    UBPI_Interfaces_C.UpdateAiming(self.Pawn, true)
end

function BP_PlayerController_C:Aim_Released()
    UBPI_Interfaces_C.UpdateAiming(self.Pawn, false)
end
```

引擎访问Lua

- 覆写Input Events
 - Key Inputs

```
function BP_PlayerController_C:P_Pressed()
    print("P_Pressed")
end

function BP_PlayerController_C:P_Released()
    print("P_Released")
end
```

- Touch/AxisKey/VectorAxis/Gesture Inputs

覆写是怎样炼成的

- Thunk函数的“颜”

```
class COREUOBJECT_API UFunction : public UStruct
{
private:
    /** C++ function this is bound to */
    FNativeFuncPtr Func;

public:
    /** ... */
    FORCEINLINE FNativeFuncPtr GetNativeFunc() const { ... }

    /**
     * Sets the native func pointer.
     *
     * @param InFunc - The new function pointer.
     */
    FORCEINLINE void SetNativeFunc(FNativeFuncPtr InFunc)
    {
        Func = InFunc;
    }
}
```

```
typedef void (*FNativeFuncPtr)(UObject* Context, FFrame& TheStack, RESULT_DECL);
```

```
typedef void (UObject::*Native)(FFrame& TheStack, RESULT_DECL);
```

覆写是怎样炼成的

- Thunk函数的调用

```
void UObject::ProcessEvent( UFunction* Function, void* Params )
{
    #if 1 Active Preprocessor Block
    #endif
    // Scope required for scoped script stats.
    {
        #if 1 Active Preprocessor Block
        #endif
        // Call native function or UObject::ProcessInternal.
        const bool bHasReturnParam = Function->ReturnValueOffset != MAX_uint16;
        uint8* ReturnValueAddress = bHasReturnParam ? ((uint8*)Params + Function->ReturnValueOffset) : nullptr;
        Function->Invoke(this, NewStack, ReturnValueAddress);
    }
}
```

```
void UFunction::Invoke(UObject* Obj, FFrame& Stack, RESULT_DECL)
{
    checkSlow(Func);

    UClass* OuterClass = (UClass*)GetOuter();
    if (OuterClass->IsChildOf(UInterface::StaticClass())) { ... }

    TGuardValue<UFunction*> NativeFuncGuard(Stack.CurrentNativeFunction, this);
    return (*Func)(Obj, Stack, RESULT_PARAM); ≤ 1ms elapsed
}
```

覆写是怎样炼成的

- Thunk函数替换

```
class COREUOBJECT_API UFunction : public UStruct
{
private:
    /* C++ function this is bound to */
    FNativeFuncPtr Func;
public:
    /* ... */
    FORCEINLINE FNativeFuncPtr GetNativeFunc() const { ... }

    /**
     * Sets the native func pointer.
     *
     * @param InFunc - The new function pointer.
     */
    FORCEINLINE void SetNativeFunc(FNativeFuncPtr InFunc)
    {
        Func = InFunc;
    }
}
```

覆写是怎样炼成的

- Think函数替换不适合所有场景

```
void UObject::CallFunction( FFrame& Stack, RESULT_DECL, UFunction* Function )
{
    #if PER_FUNCTION_SCRIPT_STATS Active Preprocessor Block
    #endif // PER_FUNCTION_SCRIPT_STATS

    #if STATS || ENABLE_STATNAMEEVENTS Active Preprocessor Block
    #endif

    checkSlow(Function);

    if (Function->FunctionFlags & FUNC_Native) { ... }
    else
    {
        ProcessScriptFunction(this, Function, Stack, RESULT_PARAM, ProcessInternal);
    }
}
```

覆写是怎样炼成的

- 新Opcode注册

```
enum
{
    ... EX_CallLua = EX_Max - 1
};
```

```
extern uint8 GRegisterNative(int32 NativeBytecodeIndex, const FNativeFuncPtr& Func);
static FNativeFunctionRegistrar CallLuaRegistrar(UObject::StaticClass(), "execCallLua", (FNativeFuncPtr)&FLuaInvoker::execCallLua);
static uint8 CallLuaBytecode = GRegisterNative(EX_CallLua, (FNativeFuncPtr)&FLuaInvoker::execCallLua);
```


覆写是怎样炼成的

- Opcode注入

```
Function->Script.Add(EX_CallLua);  
int32 Index = Function->Script.AddZeroed(sizeof(Userdata));  
FMemory::Memcpy(Function->Script.GetData() + Index, &Userdata, sizeof(Userdata));  
Function->Script.Add(EX_Return);  
Function->Script.Add(EX_Nothing);
```

覆写是怎样炼成的

- 返回值处理

```
struct FFrame : public FOutputDevice
{
public:
    // Variables.
    UFunction* Node;
    UObject* Object;
    uint8* Code;
    uint8* Locals;

    UProperty* MostRecentProperty;
    uint8* MostRecentPropertyAddress;

    /** The execution flow stack for compiled Kismet code */
    FlowStackType FlowStack;

    /** Previous frame on the stack */
    FFrame* PreviousFrame;

    /** contains information on any out parameters */
    FOutParmRec* OutParms;
```

```
#define DEFINE_FUNCTION(func) void func( UObject* Context, FFrame& Stack, RESULT_DECL )
```

```
#define RESULT_PARAM Z_Param_Result
#define RESULT_DECL void*const RESULT_PARAM
```

优化

- 结构体访问优化

- 结构体创建

```
local Vec = FVector(1.0, 2.0, 3.0)
```

- 直观实现（伪代码）

```
FVector *Vec = new FVector(1.0f, 2.0f, 3.0f);  
void **Userdata = (void**)lua_newuserdata(L, sizeof(void*));  
*Userdata = Vec;
```

- UnLua实现（伪代码）

```
uint8 PaddingSize = CalcUserdataPadding(sizeof(FVector));  
void *Userdata = lua_newuserdata(L, sizeof(FVector) + PaddingSize);  
FVector *Vec = new((uint8*)Userdata + PaddingSize) FVector(1.0f, 2.0f, 3.0f);
```

优化

- 结构体访问优化
 - 创建时节省一次内存分配
 - GC时节省一次内存释放
 - 缓存友好
 - 内存布局

Header (Udata)

Padding

Buffer

优化

- UFunction调用优化
 - 持久化参数缓存

```
// create persistent parameter buffer. memory for speed
#if ENABLE_PERSISTENT_PARAM_BUFFER
    Buffer = nullptr;
    if (InFunction->ParmsSize > 0)
    {
        Buffer = FMemory::Malloc(InFunction->ParmsSize, 16);
    }
    #if STATS Active Preprocessor Block
#endif
}
#endif
```

优化

- UFunction调用优化

- 为Native Local函数返回值参数预分配缓存

```
        // pre-create OutParmRec for 'out' property
        FOutParmRec *Out = (FOutParmRec*)FMemory::Malloc(sizeof(FOutParmRec), alignof(FOutParmRec));
#ifdef STAS Active Preprocessor Block
#endif
        Out->PropAddr = Property->ContainerPtrToValuePtr<uint8>(Buffer);
        Out->Property = Property;
        if (CurrentOutParmRec)
        {
            CurrentOutParmRec->NextOutParm = Out;
            CurrentOutParmRec = Out;
        }
        else
        {
            OutParmRec = Out;
            CurrentOutParmRec = Out;
        }
    }
```

- 为Native Local函数提供快速调用路径

```
if (FinalFunction->HasAnyFunctionFlags(FUNC_Native))
{
    uint8* ReturnValueAddress = FinalFunction->ReturnValueOffset != MAX_uint16 ? (uint8*)Params + FinalFunction->ReturnValueOffset : nullptr;
    FFrame NewStack(Object, FinalFunction, Params, nullptr, Function->Children);
    NewStack.OutParms = OutParmRec;
    FinalFunction->Invoke(Object, NewStack, ReturnValueAddress);
}
```

优化

- 传参优化

- UFunction带常量引用参数

```
UFUNCTION(BlueprintCallable)  
void UpdatePositions(const TArray<FVector> &NewPositions);
```

- 直观实现（伪代码）

```
void *Dest = Property->ContainerPtrToValuePtr(ParamsBuffer);  
void *Src = GetParamPtr(L, ParamIndex);  
ParamProperty->CopySingleValue(Dest, Src);  
Object->ProcessEvent(Function, ParamsBuffer);
```

- UnLua实现（伪代码）

```
void *Dest = Property->ContainerPtrToValuePtr(ParamsBuffer);  
void *Src = GetParamPtr(L, ParamIndex);  
FMemory::Memcpy(Dest, Src, ParamSize); // ParamSize == sizeof(TArray)  
Object->ProcessEvent(Function, ParamsBuffer);
```

优化

- 传参优化
 - 浅拷贝
 - 正确性保证
 - 对于复杂数据结构（例如含有大量元素的容器），浅拷贝的性能优势巨大

优化

- 非常量引用参数优化

- UFunction带非常量引用参数

```
UFUNCTION(BlueprintCallable)  
void GetPositions(TArray<FVector> &OutPositions) const;
```

- 和C++类似的Lua调用方式

```
local Positions = TArray(FVector)  
self:GetPositions(Positions)
```

- 两次浅拷贝（传参和值返回各一次）

优化

- 返回值参数优化

- UFunction返回非原子类型

```
UFUNCTION(BlueprintCallable)  
...  
const FVector& GetCOM() const;
```

- 直观实现
 - 新创建Userdata并将其压入Lua栈顶
- UnLua实现
 - 先创建Userdata并将其作为参数传入函数
 - 利用了传参优化
 - 多次调用（例如循环）情况下，避免了大量的Userdata创建和GC，性能优势明显

智能语法提示

- 符号信息（反射体系内）
 - 导出模块UnLuaIntelliSense
 - 和UHT一同工作
 - 符号信息位于ProjectDir/Plugins/UnLua/Intermediate/IntelliSense

```
---@class APointLight : ALight
---@field public PointLightComponent UPointLightComponent
local APointLight = {}

---@param NewLightFalloffExponent number
function APointLight:SetLightFalloffExponent(NewLightFalloffExponent) end

---BEGIN DEPRECATED (use component functions now in level script)
---@param NewRadius number
function APointLight:SetRadius(NewRadius) end

return APointLight
```

智能语法提示

- 符号信息（反射体系外）
 - UnLuaIntelliSenseCommandlet
 - 符号信息位于ProjectDir/Plugins/UnLua/Intermediate/IntelliSense/StaticallyExports

```
---@class Vec3
---@field public x number
---@field public y number
---@field public z number
local Vec3 = {}

---@param P0 number @[out]
---@param P1 number @[out]
---@param P2 number @[out]
function Vec3:GetXYZ(P0, P1, P2) end

---@param P0 number
---@param P1 number
---@param P2 number
function Vec3:SetXYZ(P0, P1, P2) end

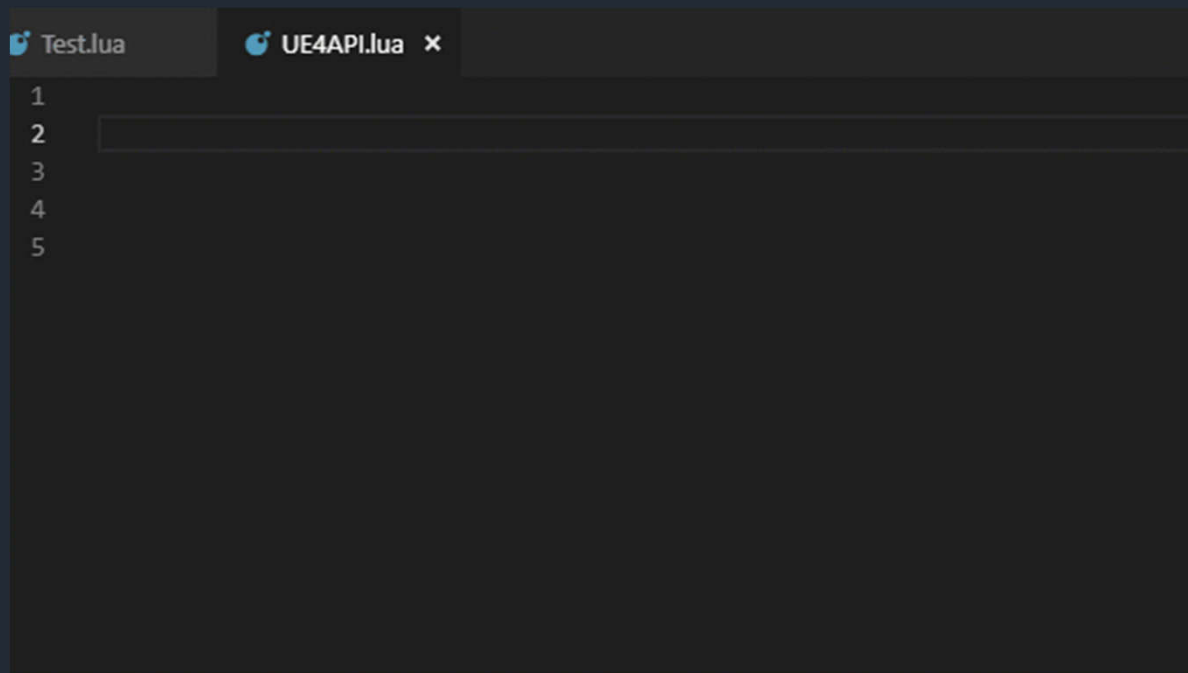
---@param P0 Vec3
---@return boolean
function Vec3:Equals(P0) end

---@return string
function Vec3:ToString() end

return Vec3
```

智能语法提示

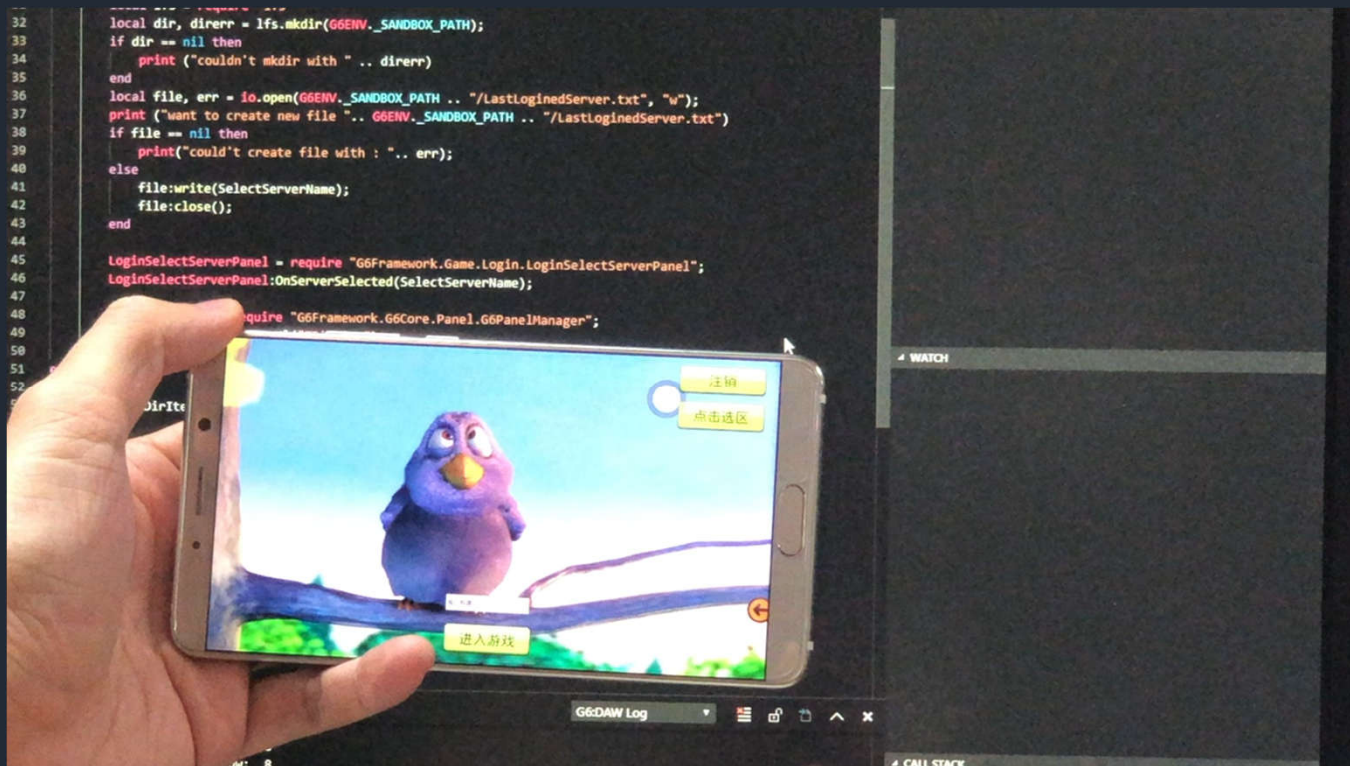
- IDE



The screenshot shows an IDE window with two tabs: 'Test.lua' and 'UE4API.lua'. The 'Test.lua' tab is active, displaying a Lua script with line numbers 1 through 5. A code completion popup is visible on line 2, showing a list of suggestions. The suggestions include 'Print', 'PrintString', 'PrintTable', 'PrintTableString', 'PrintTableStringTable', 'PrintTableStringTableString', 'PrintTableStringTableStringTable', 'PrintTableStringTableStringTableString', 'PrintTableStringTableStringTableStringTable', and 'PrintTableStringTableStringTableStringTableString'. The popup is positioned to the right of the cursor on line 2.

调试

- Debug Any Where



谢谢!

<https://github.com/Tencent/UnLua>